

Peanut Queen Controller



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Peanut King

Introduction

Peanut Queen Controller is a mobile application that provides Bluetooth-based remote control and real-time data monitoring for Peanut King Solution's products (listed in Specification). The app features a fully customizable dashboard that can be dynamically configured through simple text commands, enabling users to create custom control interfaces without reprogramming the app.

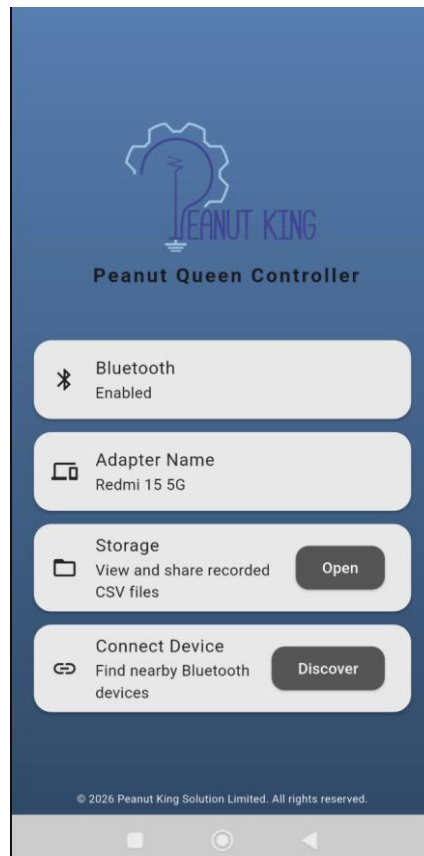
Features

- Bluetooth UART connection & auto-reconnect
- Dynamic GUI configuration (Button, Toggle, Slider, TextField, Joystick, Variable)
- Read app controls in real-time (Getters)
- Send micro:bit sensor data back to the app (Setters)
- Built-in throttling to prevent UART buffer overflow
- Event-driven button press handling with auto-state reset

Specification

- Hardware: micro:bit V2 with Peanut King micro:bit shield V2
- Programming platform: MakeCode for micro:bit
- Communication Protocol: Bluetooth UART
- Component Name Length ≤ 15 characters
- App available on Android and IOS (Progressing)

Interface



Connection

1. Download the app in the link provided below
<https://play.google.com/store/apps/details?id=com.peanut.king.solution>
2. Launch the Peanut Queen Controller app
3. Enable Bluetooth on your mobile device
4. Tap the discover button
5. Select your device from the list
6. Once connected, the dashboard will be ready for configuration

Dashboard Configuration

The app dashboard is configured by sending a configuration message from the connected device (micro:bit/ Arduino) to the app via bluetooth. The app parse the message and renders the corresponding UI components.

Configuration Message Format:

C,I,[no.of_input_components],[Input_components],O,[no.of_output_components],[Output_components],\n

"C"	Configuration command header
I	Input components section marker
[no.of_input_components]	Total number of input controls
[Input_components]	List of input component definitions
O	Output components section marker
[no.of_output_components]	Total number of output plots
[Output_components]	List of output plot definitions
\n	Newline terminator

Supported Input Components:

1. Slider
Format: S, [min_value], [max_value], [name],
Example: S,0,255,speed
2. Joystick
Format: J,[angle_name],[max_strength],[strength_name],
3. Button (Momentary)
Format: B, [button_name]
Example: B, fire
4. Toggle Button
Format: TB, [toggle_button_name]
Example: TB, mode,
5. Text Field
Format: TF, [field_name]
Example: [TF, status]

Output Components (Plots):

Format: [plot_name], [plotable_flag],
[plot-name]: Name of the data series
[plotable-flag]: **true** = enable time graphing, **false** = display as value onlt

Configuration Example:

Here is a complete configuration message that creates a dashboard with buttons, sliders, joysticks, toggle buttons, text fields, and data plots:

```
C,I,10,B,left,TF,Status,B,right,S,0,255,SliderL,S,0,255,SliderR,J,angle1,255,strengt
h1,Joystick1,J,angle2,255,strength2,Joystick2,TB,ToggleButton,TB,ToggleButto
nNum,TF,TextFieldNumber,O,3,ultrasound,true,grayscaleLeft,true,grayscaleRig
ht,false,\n
```

Visual Breakdown

Section	Components
Input (I,10)	Button: left, TextField: Status, Button: right, Slider: SliderL (0-255), Slider: SliderR (0-255), Joystick: Joystick1 (angle1/strength1), Joystick: Joystick2 (angle2/strength2), ToggleButton: ToggleButton, ToggleButton: ToggleButtonNum, TextField: TextFieldNumber
Output (O,3)	Plot: ultrasound (graph enabled), Plot: grayscaleLeft (graph enabled), Plot: grayscaleRight (graph disabled)

Data Communication

Sending Control Values (Device ← App)

When a user interacts with an input component, the app sends the updated value to the connected device in the following format

T,[component_name],[component_value],\n

T	Transmission command header
[component_name]	Name of the UI component
[component_value]	Current value of the component
\n	Newline terminator

Example:

T,speed,188,\n
T,angle1,45,\n
T,fire,1,\n

Sending Data to App (Device → App)

To update the output plots and data displays, the connected device sends data messages to the app:

Single value format:

R,[component_name],[component_value],\n

Multiple values format:

R,[comp1],[val1],[comp2],[val2],..., \n

Example:

R,ultrasound,30,\n
R,grayscaleLeft,148,grayscaleRight,78,\n

Field	Description
R	Report/Update command header
[component_name]	Name of the plot component
[component_value]	Data value to display/plot
\n	Newline terminator

Command Reference Summary

Configuration Commands (Device → App)

Command	Format	Description
Configuration Start	C,I,[count],[components],O,[count],[components],\n	Defines the entire dashboard layout

Input Component Commands (Device → App)

Component	Format	Example
Slider	S,[min],[max],[name],	S,0,255,speed,
Joystick	J,[angle],[max],[strength],	J,angle1,255,strength1,
Button	B,[name],	B,fire,
Toggle Button	TB,[name],	TB,power,
Text Field	TF,[name],	TF,status,

Data Commands

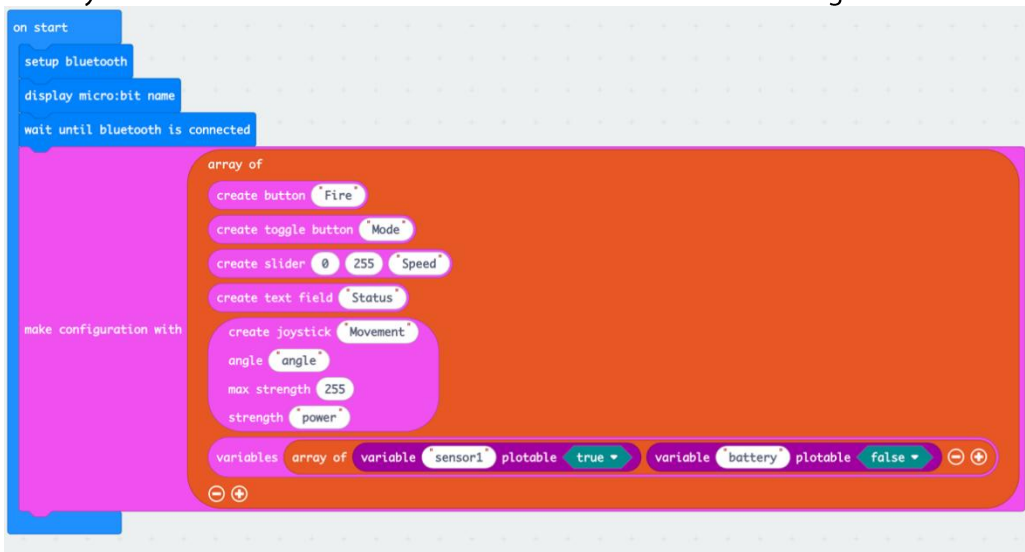
Direction	Format	Description
App → Device	T,[name],[value],\n	Control value update
Device → App	R,[name],[value],\n	Single data report
Device → App	R,[n1],[v1],[n2],[v2],..., \n	Multiple data report

Application – micro:bit(MakeCode)

1. Open MakeCode for micro:bit editor
2. Click **Extensions** and enter the following URL
<https://github.com/peanut-king-solution/pxt-pks-controller>
3. Click and search result to add the extension to your project.
4. In MakeCode, select Python and copy the following code to initialize the Bluetooth Service and define the layout in the app's interface.

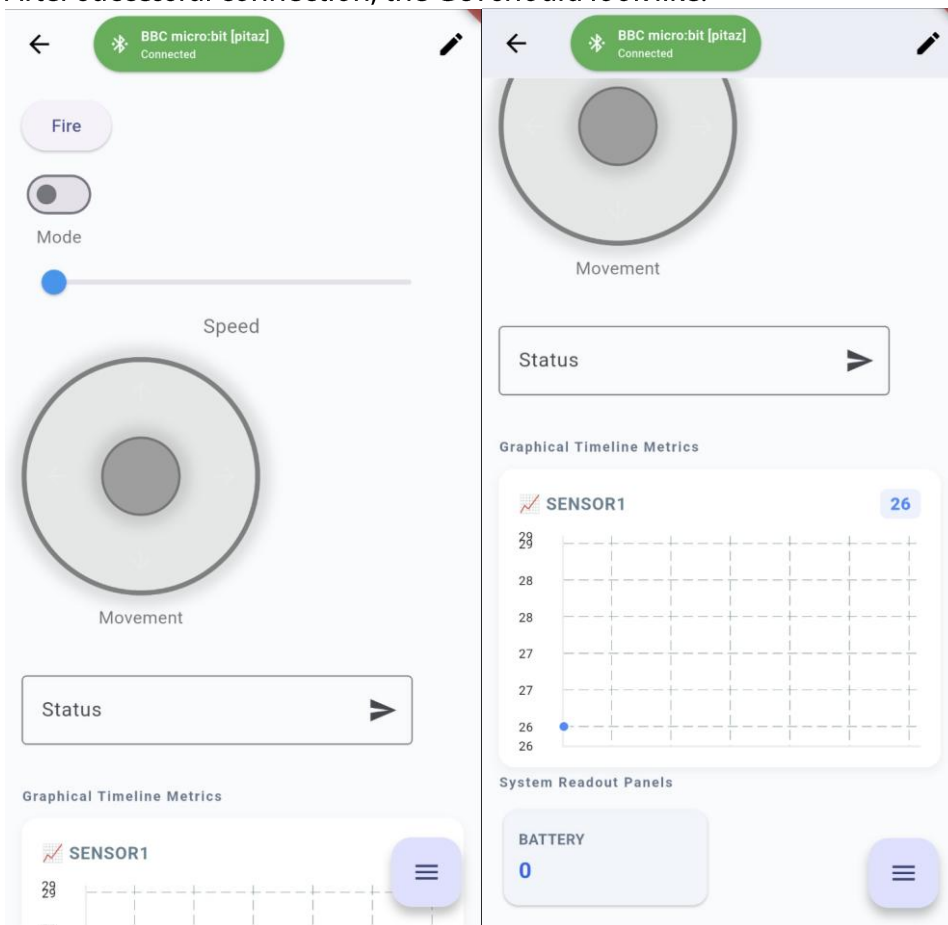
```
pksController.setupBluetooth()
pksController.showDeviceName()
pksController.waitUntilConnected()
pksController.makeConfiguration([pksController.createButton("Fire"),
    pksController.createToggleButton("Mode"),
    pksController.createSlider(0, 255, "Speed"),
    pksController.createTextField("Status"),
    pksController.createJoystick("angle", 255, "power", "Movement"),
    pksController.formatVariablesList([pksController.createVariable("sensor1", true),
    pksController.createVariable("battery", false)])
])
```

You may use the blocks to have the same result as illustrated in the figure below



5. The GUI is configured
6. Use the app to connect

7. After successful connection, the GUI should look like:



* To build a custom control interface, you must define the layout using the configuration builder. All component names must not exceed 15 characters.

Application – micro:bit(MakeCode)

Example: Read Values from App (Getters)

Access the current state of the app's GUI elements using the type-safe Getter blocks. These update in real-time as the user interacts with the app.

```
basic.forever(function () {
  // Check if a button is pressed
  if (pksController.buttonToggled("Fire")) {
    basic.showIcon(IconNames.Sword)
  }

  // Get a slider's value
  let speed = pksController.sliderValue("Speed")

  // Get Joystick data
  let angle = pksController.joystickAngle("Movement")
  let power = pksController.joystickStrength("Movement")

  // Get a text field's value
  let statusText = pksController.textFieldValue("Status")

  serial.writeLine("Speed: " + speed + ", Angle: " + angle)
  basic.pause(100)
})
```

Example: Send Data to App (Setters)

Push data from the micro:bit back to the app to update the GUI dynamically. The extension automatically handles UART locking and throttling to prevent serial overflow.

```
basic.forever(function () {
  // Send a number (e.g., from a sensor)
  let temp = input.temperature()
  pksController.sendVariableToApp("sensor1", temp)

  // Send a boolean (true/false)
  let isMoving = pksController.joystickStrength("Movement") > 0
  pksController.sendBooleanToApp("battery", isMoving)

  basic.pause(500)
})
```

Application – micro:bit(MakeCode)

Example: Handle Button Events

Use the Event block to run code exactly when a button is tapped.

```
// Register code to run when the "Fire" button is pressed in the app
pksController.onButtonPressed("Fire", function () {
  basic.showLeds(`
    ..#..
    .###.
    #####
    .###.
    ..#..
    `)
  music.play(music.builtinPlayableSoundEffect(soundExpression.happy), musi
c.PlaybackMode.UntilDone)
})
```

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